

行政院國家科學委員會專題研究計畫 成果報告

集權體系下之經濟轉型：台灣與大陸的比較分析

計畫類別：個別型計畫

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計畫主持人：林其昂

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## 國科會九十三年度專題研究計畫成果報告

1. 計畫名稱: 集權體系下之經濟轉型: 台灣與大陸的比較分析 (The Power-Binding Transition to a Market-Oriented Economy: Taiwan versus China)
2. 計畫編號: NSC 93-2415-H-004-009
3. 執行期限: 2004 年 8 月 1 日至 2006 年 1 月 31 日
4. 主持人姓名: 林其昂 (Brian C.-A. Lin)
5. 執行機構: 國立政治大學財政學系
6. 電子信箱: [calin@nccu.edu.tw](mailto:calin@nccu.edu.tw)
7. 成果報告: 本計畫之先期研究成果已通過審查, 於 2005 年 1 月發表於國際英文期刊 *Ritsumeikan Journal of Asia Pacific Studies* [由日本立命館亞太大學 (Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University) 出版], 文章之出版資料如下: “China’s Future and Taiwan’s Past: An Institutional Perspective.” *Ritsumeikan Journal of Asia Pacific Studies*, January 2005, Volume 15, pp. 49-63. 歡迎有興趣之讀者自行查閱或與我本人直接聯繫, 以下僅就文章之英文摘要作一陳述: Two scholars specializing in China studies have recently expressed polarizing predictions with regard to China’s future. On the one hand, in an attention-getting book — *The Coming Collapse of China*, Gordon G. Chang (2001) has analyzed the progress of China’s gradual reforms and foreseen that China’s economic failure will immediately be followed by government collapse within a decade. On the other hand, in his well-known book — *The Emergence of the United States*

*of Chunghwa*, Kenichi Ohmae (2002) has advocated the advantage of 'one country, two systems' and has predicted that China and Taiwan will be soon reunified in 2005 (or a couple of years later). The purpose of this paper is to bridge some of the gaps between the aforementioned polarizing views from a comparative institutional perspective. This paper emphasizes that the best strategy for China to prevent itself from collapsing and to sustain economic progress is to learn a lesson from the Kuomintang (KMT) government and to treat Taiwan well. If the Chinese Communist leaders fully recognize the importance and necessity of implementing political reforms, they could avoid the reprise of the KMT-type political failure. If Taiwan is able to continue to develop both politically and economically, it will in the future be able to play the role of a navigator, whereby it will successfully lead the huge ship China into port.

8. 成果自評: 不僅已有上述之研究成果發表於國際期刊, 並預計可針對本計畫之後期研究成果 — 西方學者欠缺瞭解之台灣與中國官僚市場特性 (由官僚主導之競租經濟活動) — 繼續鑽研並完成第二篇論文。